Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike S1 Protein

Catalog No.: RP01310

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Sequence Information

Species
MERS-CoV

Gene ID
14254594

Swiss Prot
K0BRG7

Tags
C-His

Synonyms
MERS-CoV Spike RBD

Product Information

Source
HEK293 cells

Purification
≥ 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Calculated MW
79.35 kDa

Observed MW
100-130 kDa

Endotoxin
< 0.1 EU/μg of the protein by LAL method.

Formulation
Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution
Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

Background

The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

Basic Information

Description
Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike S1 Protein is produced by HEK293 cells expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Tyr18-Glu725) of mers-cov Spike S1 (Accession #AFS88936.1) fused with an 6×His tag at the C-terminus.

Activity

Shipping
Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Liquid proteins are shipped at frozen temperature with dry ice.
Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Storage
Store at -20℃

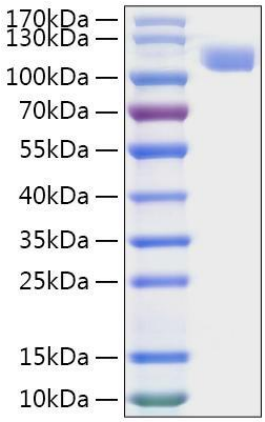
Operational Notes
For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves for handling.

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Please visit http://abclonal.com for a complete listing of recommended products.

Validation Data



Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike S1 Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions with Coomassie Blue.