

PARG Rabbit pAb

Catalog NO.: A10577

Basic Information

Observed MW

120-130 kDa

Calculated MW

111 kDa

Category

Polyclonal Antibodies

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Conjugation

Unconjugated

Background

Poly(ADP-ribose) glycohydrolase (PARG) is the major enzyme responsible for the catabolism of poly(ADP-ribose), a reversible covalent-modifier of chromosomal proteins. The protein is found in many tissues and may be subject to proteolysis generating smaller, active products. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

ELISA

Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL.
Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

8505

Swiss Prot

Q86W56

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment).This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

PARG99; PARG

Contact

Product Information

☒		order@abclonal.com
☒		service@abclonal.com
☒		www.abclonal.com

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

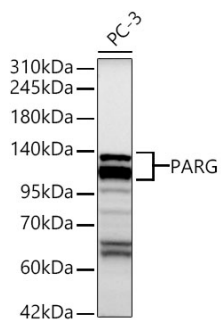
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.3, containing 50% glycerol. Preserved with Proclin300 or sodium azide. May contain 0.05% BSA as specified on the Certificate of Analysis.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from PC-3 cells using PARG Rabbit pAb (A10577) at 1:1000 dilution incubated overnight at 4°C.

Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 90 s.

